

Peace festival
★
page 3
IL7.00 (Inc. Vat)



Egyptian Defence Minister Kamal Hassan Ali sits in a U.S. Air Force F-5E during a briefing Tuesday on the aircraft's capabilities at a USAF base in Nevada. Ali is in the U.S. for talks on U.S. military aid after the signing of the peace treaty with Israel. (UPI/telephoto)

Dayan, Vance to define U.S. backup for pact

By IAN BLACK
Post Diplomatic Reporter

Foreign Minister Moshe Dayan flies to Washington today to hold talks with U.S. Secretary of State Cyrus Vance on the drawing-up of a U.S.-Israel "memorandum of understanding" defining the degree of American responsibility for the implementation of the provisions of the Egypt-Israel Peace treaty.

Ministerial Defence Committee in Washington. In the last few days Sharon has criticized the fact that such a large delegation is going to the ceremony.

Apart from the "memorandum of understanding," another question that is likely to come up before the ceremony is an American request for a number of unilateral Israeli measures to improve the atmosphere between Cairo and Jerusalem after the signing of the peace treaty.

The U.S. The Jerusalem Post has learned, has agreed in principle to such a memorandum, but there has as yet been no substantive discussion of its form and content. It is possible that the document may be divided into two parts — one political and one economic.

Dayan, informed sources stressed to the Post last night, will not be dealing with the question of U.S. economic aid in the form of loans and grants for the IDF redeployment following the withdrawal from Sinai or with the timing of the Israeli evacuation of the Sinai oilfields.

These measures (which are no longer being described as "gestures") are reported to include the freeing of 20 Palestinian security prisoners from Israeli jails, freedom of movement and political activity in the administered territories, and permission for the publication of more Arabic newspapers in the territories.

An authoritative diplomatic source told The Post last night that this question had been under discussion since the Dayan-Khalil talks at Camp David, and that the U.S. and Israel had recently been exchanging drafts of a letter to be sent by U.S. President Jimmy Carter to Egyptian President Anwar Sadat concerning the request.

One major component of the "memorandum of understanding" is likely to be a U.S. undertaking to spell out precisely what conditions it would attach to the sale of military equipment to Egypt in the future.

It is thought probable that Israel will ask the U.S. to make the sale of any arms to Egypt conditional on an explicit understanding that they are not to be used in any conflict with Israel or transferred to a third party which might use them against Israel.

Prime Minister Begin received one of these drafts from U.S. Ambassador Samuel Lewis at their meeting on Tuesday. But it was not clear last night whether this was a final version. Israel has clarified its position on some of the proposed measures and has explained, for example, that freedom of movement already exists to the administered territories.

But several ministers said yesterday that the measures would have to be ratified by the government before Israel agreed to them. An cabinet meeting is scheduled before the premier leaves for the U.S. tomorrow, no final Israeli response can be expected before the treaty is signed.

U.S. still weighing Egypt's arms requests

WASHINGTON (AP). — The U.S. Defence Department said Tuesday night that the U.S. "has not closed the door on the supply of F-16 aircraft to Egypt but is looking at what aircraft may be available for earlier delivery."

The Pentagon denied reports that Defence Secretary Harold Brown had informed Egyptian Defence Minister Kamal Hassan Ali that the U.S. would not sell Egypt any of the advanced F-16 fighters, which Egypt had included in a long weapons shopping list.

Commander Gordon Pelcson, a Pentagon spokesman, said the U.S. is examining various alternatives, but he would not say what other types of planes might be under consideration.

Date of pullback from Sinai oil fields still not decided

Jerusalem Post Correspondent
WASHINGTON. — The one remaining issue in the proposed Israel-Egypt peace treaty package yet to be agreed — the timing of Israel's withdrawal from the Sinai oil fields — is proving much more difficult to resolve than had been expected.

U.S. Israeli and Egyptian officials now believe this matter will probably be worked out only following Defence Minister Ezer Weizman's return to Washington tomorrow for another round of talks with his Egyptian counterpart, Gen. Kamal Hassan Ali.

Regarding the oil, Israel wants to withdraw from the Sinai fields nine months after the treaty is signed, and to continue pumping oil until the pullback. Egypt wants Israel to evacuate the fields six months after the treaty signing, and to stop pumping immediately.

Defence Ministry irate over criticism of U.S. aid package

By HIRSH GODMAN
Post Military Correspondent

Defence officials, including Chief of Staff Weizman, are furious over the U.S. aid package to Israel. The package, negotiated by Weizman in Washington this week, is being criticized by the Defence Ministry.

Defence Minister Ezer Weizman described the aid package as "irrelevant" and "unhelpful." He claims that it (the aid package) could have brought back a better deal than Weizman had secured.

man got was made by Carter or senior aides," the source said.

Sources at the Treasury have said that they hope overall U.S. aid to Israel would be increased, as well as the amount of the outright grant. They also want the interest rate on the loans to be less than 2 per cent and hope to finish bargaining over this issue before the peace treaty is signed.

The Jerusalem Post has learned that the U.S. agreed to grant a total of \$3b. for the pullback only after Weizman issued an ultimatum to his U.S. counterpart, Harold Brown, that he (Weizman) would refuse to meet with the Egyptians and would return to Israel if the \$2b. limit they had set. Only after U.S. President Jimmy Carter personally intervened, The Post was told, was the sum increased to its present level.

a constantly falling dollar and the trend towards isolationism in the country.

He recounted that Brown, during his visit to Israel last month, would not go above the \$2b. figure, and had refused to say whether this would be a loan or a grant. Defence officials also quoted with some bitterness Premier Menachem Begin's remarks during a U.S. visit last year, when he said that "Israel does not want presents, but a loan to finance the pullback."

According to the general consensus among those familiar with the total American military Letter of Agreement brought home by Weizman this week, the U.S. went far beyond expectations in supplying arms and allowing for the possible production of ultra-sophisticated systems, including aircraft. Weizman also brought back what no other minister has managed before him: American approval for Israeli weapons manufacturers to compete freely with the U.S. military, open-

landslide vote for peace pact

Post Knesset Reporter

The Knesset was due in the prime hours today to approve the peace treaty with Egypt by a landslide majority. Close to 100 members were forecast for the vote after a debate lasting 12 hours and spread over two days.

A record in this country's legislative history.

The final places on the list of more than 100 speakers were filled by several ministers, among them Agriculture Minister Ariel Sharon. He was expected to deliver a speech in support of the treaty within the hour that he would vote for the treaty, though he voted against it in the past.

Carter plans big party on lawn for signers

By WOLF BLITZER
Jerusalem Post Correspondent

WASHINGTON. — President Jimmy Carter is making arrangements to invite more than 1,000 guests to an unprecedented state dinner under a tent on the White House's South Lawn on Monday evening in honour of Prime Minister Menachem Begin and Egyptian President Anwar Sadat.

U.S. officials yesterday released initial details of the schedule for the series of events next week surrounding the signing of the proposed Israel-Egyptian peace treaty. They said that an earlier-suggested idea that Sadat and Begin appear on Tuesday, together with Carter, before a joint session of the Congress had been scrapped.

U.S. still weighing Egypt's arms requests

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Commander Gordon Pelcson, a Pentagon spokesman, said the U.S. is examining various alternatives, but he would not say what other types of planes might be under consideration.

Egyptians silence anti-treaty legislator

CAIRO. — A member of the Egyptian parliament opposed to the Israel-Egypt peace treaty was ordered out of the building yesterday after he demanded that the body debate the treaty before it is signed.

Ahmed Nasser, an independent noted for his hardline hostility to Israel, had interrupted a routine debate to jump up and shout: "The country is being sold out. We must debate the peace treaty and give our opinion on it before its signature."

'Amman warning West Bankers against autonomy'

NABLUS (Him). — Jordan has apparently threatened West Bank residents against cooperating with Israeli and Egyptian authorities in implementing the West Bank and Gaza autonomy plan, Arab sources said here yesterday.

The sources said that recently returned visitors to Amman have been joining the ranks of those West Bankers absolutely opposed to the autonomy plan.

Meanwhile, in several West Bank towns, disturbances by pupils and students continued to disrupt school activities there.

Amman warning West Bankers against autonomy

AYES and naya on autonomy and peace. Harry Wall talks to Gaza Mayor Rashad al-Shawwa and some of his mayoral colleagues on the Gaza Strip.

The special problems in the adjustment of immigrant artists. Rochelle Furstenberg interviews immigrant painters, writers and musicians.

U.S. backs Israeli bid for Norway oil

WASHINGTON (Reuter). — The U.S. government has asked Norway to sell oil from its North Sea wells to Israel, a Foreign Ministry spokesman said yesterday.

Israel Prime Minister Menachem Begin had made the same request when he received the Nobel Peace Prize in Oslo last December, but then Norwegian Prime Minister Odvar Nordli then said "because of long-term commitments, Norway had no oil to spare."

Patt calls for early elections — in 1979

By ASHER WALLFISH
Post Knesset Reporter

Early elections should be held at the end of 1979, around the same time as the completion of the first stage of withdrawal in Sinai, Gideon Patt, minister of industry, trade and tourism, told The Jerusalem Post in the Knesset building yesterday. (Elections are now scheduled for the autumn of 1980.)

Patt said this nation would be ready at the end of the year to face a crucial "operation" in the economic and social spheres which "had been postponed for a very long time." He said normalization of relations with Egypt nine months after the treaty was signed, and the successful completion of the first phase, would boost the Likud's prospects considerably.

Hussein, Saudis discuss peace treaty response

Jerusalem Post Staff and Agencies

King Hussein of Jordan arrived in Riyadh yesterday for two days of talks with Saudi Arabian leaders concerning the position both countries will adopt on the forthcoming Israel-Egyptian peace treaty.

The king, accompanied by Jordanian Premier Mudar Badran and other senior officials, was met at Riyadh airport by King Khalid. Also with Hussein were his two sons, Prince Abdullah and Faisal.

Observers believe that the king's visit, coming only days after U.S. national security adviser Zbigniew Brzezinski went to Riyadh and Amman to try to persuade both conservative kingdoms not to punish Egypt for making peace with Israel, will be crucial for deciding Jordan's future position.

Missing documents enliven long-winded Knesset debate

By ASHER WALLFISH
Post Knesset Reporter

The most protracted debate in the country's parliamentary history opened with a bang yesterday morning, with a row over inaccurate military documents in the treaty. After that, it dragged out throughout the day and into the night, in an atmosphere of enervating boredom.

Premier Menachem Begin came to the podium to apologize for the distribution of an out-of-date version of the documents. He tried to make it sound as though the debate could be tabled so that the debate could begin; otherwise MKs would have queried the absence of the military material. In fact, the premier had no idea until yesterday morning that it was anything less than the final version.

Egypt won't aid Arabs they attack Israel

CAIRO. — Prime Minister Anwar Sadat reportedly said last night that Egypt's defence commitments with Arab states will not be affected if the Arab states attack Israel. According to Israeli Radio, Sadat's Arabia's Radio Riyadh said he made this statement to a parliamentary caucus in Cairo.

Sadat added that Egypt's defence commitments would hold if Israel were to attack.

U.S. 'gratified' by NATO

WASHINGTON (AP). — U.S. Deputy Secretary of State Warren Christopher yesterday indicated that the NATO allies would press their case to oppose the peace treaty between Egypt and Israel.

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MK Shlomo Hillel tucks his nose with a shredded piece of paper during yesterday's marathon Knesset debate. (Rahamim Israel)

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The marathon debate - Part II

By ARYEH RUBINSTEIN and SARAH KONIG Jerusalem Post Reporters

Labour hawk Shlomo Hillel led off yesterday in the second day of the Knesset debate on the peace treaty with Egypt.

In a hard-hitting speech, he demanded that the government at least tell the people the truth. It had misled the public enough about the permanence of the Sinai settlements, and it was now repeating the same mistake regarding settlements in Judea and Samaria and continued Israeli sovereignty there.

Yigal Cohen-Orzag (Likud-Herut) said that the government, after having relinquished the Sinai settlements, must be more Zionist about ensuring the future of Samaria and Gaza. He added that it must present Israel's stand on autonomy unequivocally, since the position of Hillel Seidel (Likud-Herut) praised the Alignment and other opposition parties for their support of the peace treaty.

Uri Barak (Alignment-Labour) contended that the choice before Israel is territorial compromise or a possible loss of the West Bank. He said new boundaries should be fixed for Israel, with densely populated areas of the West Bank demilitarized and turned over to Arab hands.

Assaf Yaguri (Ya'ad) advocated territorial compromise, because the autonomy idea is "a great zero" without any historical precedents or basis in reality. Pinhas Scheinman (National Religious Party) said that the NRP demand that the government formulate a stand on autonomy prior to the ratification of the treaty was not intended to sabotage the agreement.

Amos Hadar (Alignment-Labour) announced that he will not vote for the peace treaty in spite of the party discipline imposed by his faction. Hadar painted a bleak picture of Israel after the implementation of the agreement.

Charles Elton (Democratic Front) argued that Israel's duty is to safeguard their security in a Palestinian state. He explained that the leadership of such a state would curb the actions of its more extremist citizens.

Eitan Livni (Likud-Herut) believes that while "we can understand the mentality of the other side, it is doubtful that they can ever understand us. I am bothered by the fact that this is not an agreement between two nations but between two different mentalities, and herein lies the danger.

Mordechai Elgrabi (Democratic Movement) recommended that the ministry of education make the study of Arabic compulsory in schools to further Jewish-Arab understanding. Preparations should also be under way to build joint economic enterprises.

Amos Lim (Likud-La'am) dwelt on the reason for opposing a Palestinian state. "It is not because of the murder of our innocent civilians. Other Arab states engaged in this too, and the philosophy of destroying Israel is common to all of them.

Pessah Grupper (Likud-Liberal) noted that "history knows of no precedent in which a victorious nation pays so high a price for peace, yet we do it and are very satisfied." He warned residents of Judea, Samaria and Gaza that "we will not tolerate the throwing of stones at our soldiers; we will not suffer roadblocks and will not be apathetic to fires ignited by incited youths.

Uri Avnery (Shel) predicted that Israel will soon "drive our cars to Cairo and Alexandria, take a train to Damascus and Aleppo and fly to Algiers and Abu Dhabi. When we wake up to see the pyramids outside our hotel window, we shall be as dreamers.

Yossi Sardi (Alignment-Labour) said: "See what they have done to our people! For many long months they tortured it, pushed it and shook it. But this peace proved that it is greater than all those who sought to destroy it."

Moshe Shahal (Alignment-Labour) argued that if "President Sadat took risks for peace regarding his standing in the Arab world, then Israel took far more crucial risks which pertain to its very existence and security. We must not give up the question marks about this treaty.

It left the mine there and did not defuse it. Ehud Olmert (Likud-La'am) said it was time to tackle the basic problems of Israeli society. Emigration, crime, illegal capital, poverty and the housing shortage would all have to be faced.

Shlomo Ellahu (DM) said the government must ensure that profiteers did not enrich themselves in the course of the military redeployment in the Negev, as they did when the "Bar-Lev Line" was built along the Suez Canal.

Amal Naar e-Din (Likud-Herut) said peace between Israel and Egypt would cause a meaningful change in the life of the Middle East, turning a new page in history. Zeidan Ataba (Shal) called on King Hussein to join the peace process.

Yehoshua Rabinowitz (Alignment-Labour) said it was foolish to expect Egypt to relinquish the national claims of the Palestinians. Gideon Haener (Independent Liberals) said that the signing of the treaty would culminate the long road travelled by the Jewish nation since World War II.

Ze'ev Katz (Alignment-Labour) said his attention is concentrated on the Golan "lest the same fate befall it" as did the Yamit settlements. A reliable government would have accelerated the development of the Golan instead of allowing it to stagnate.

Meir Cohen (Likud-Herut) said he was not overjoyed to be voting for the peace treaty. The military threat to Israel from the Arabs is much smaller than the threat posed by social and economic problems, and the Gulf between some Israelis and others.

Tawfik Touh (Democratic Front) also feels that "the agreement before us is not peace. To his mind it is nothing but an imperialistic scheme to defend global American interests, which are collapsing in the face of the popular struggles for the liberation of such nations as the Iranians and the Ethiopians."



A minister (Eliezer Shostak) relaxes during yesterday's Knesset debate...



...protected by an alert guardian outside...



...from hordes of angry demonstrators across the road.

(Rahamin Israeli, Ellahu Harati, Zoom 77)

at the expense of bowing developments for young couples, a fact which could result in great social after-shocks. The national debt will grow and increase our dependence on foreigners.

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Amir said that Israel must take precautions not to lose the peace, not only in the political sense but also in the social sense. We must seize this historic chance that peace gave us to build a better society, he said.

Yehuda Ben-Meir (NRP) said that he thought the Camp David agreements were a mistake, but once the Knesset approved them, there was no turning back. The autonomy scheme contained many dangers, but Israel's insistence on its interpretation would succeed in avoiding them.

Jaques Amir (Alignment-Labour) mounted the rostrum wearing a black kipa. He explained that he was in mourning, and had asked Chief Rabbi Shlomo Goren if it was permissible for him to go to the Knesset and speak in the debate.

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Strike hits post and phone repair

By AARON SITTNER Jerusalem Post Reporter

Post offices were closed again yesterday afternoon, and telephone repairs were hard to come by, as workers in the postal and engineering branches of the Ministry of Communications pressed their industrial action another day.

The sanctions reportedly caught Communications Minister Yitzhak Moda'i and his staff by surprise. In initial meetings with work committee heads on Sunday and Monday, the labour leaders told Moda'i about their lists of demands.

When the meetings ended reportedly "in a spirit of goodwill, there was no hint of imminent action, the ministry said.

Nevertheless, post office workers closed down the branches on Tuesday afternoon, and did so again yesterday. Notices posted on the doors said afternoon closings would continue "until further notice."

So far, letter carriers have joined in the sanctions. But mail deliveries are bound to be affected because most of the sorting of the mail is done in the afternoon evening.

According to a senior Communications Ministry official, the "wildcat" action, following as it did a promising meeting with the ministry, indicates that the work committee heads are losing control over the rank-and-file.

He thought Monday's general strike call by the Histadrut, and gains won by the Engineers Union, their new contract, are causing ferment among Communications Ministry workers.

About half a year ago, a long national postal strike was settled after arbitration by Absorption Minister David Levy, picked for the task by Prime Minister Menachem Begin.

One of the elements of Levy's peace formula was establishment of "committees of four" to take each particular worker demand on its own merits and make decisions. So far these committees have not been convened, and seems to be the main point of contention.

The "committees of four" have representatives from the Histadrut, the Civil Service Union, the ministry and the workers committees.

Panthers and rabbits in minister's house

Eight people who identify themselves as Black Panther members broke into the home of Labour and Social Affairs Minister Israel Katz in Jerusalem yesterday while he was addressing the Knesset.

They told the minister's wife he had not done a thing in the area of welfare, for which he is responsible, and demanded that he resign in light of recent price increases. They released eight rabbits inside the house in protest, calling Katz a "rat hit."

The Panthers also made sure to leave some carrots behind, so that the rabbits would not be hungry.

FINAL POLL - A second round of polls in Sakhrin, a village of Galle, yesterday failed to change the result of last November's municipal elections. The second round of polling was held because of disruptions, including arson at one of the poll booths, in November.

SWISSAIR Destinations

	MIN	MAX	
	C	F	
AMSTERDAM	8	18	Clear
BUDAPEST	10	20	Cloudy
BRNO	11	20	Cloudy
CHICAGO	7	15	Cloudy
COPENHAGEN	-3	7	Sleet
FRANKFURT	5	11	Cloudy
GENEVA	1	7	Cloudy
HELSINKI	-7	1	Cloudy
BOMBAY	18	28	Cloudy
JOHANNESBURG	12	22	Sunny
LONDON	9	15	Sunny
LONDON	5	11	Cloudy
MADRID	5	11	Sunny
MONTREAL	-2	13	Sunny
NEW YORK	3	11	Clear
OSLO	-2	2	Sunny
PARIS	2	10	Sunny
SAO PAULO	17	25	Cloudy
STOCKHOLM	-4	2	Cloudy
TOKYO	6	14	Cloudy
TORONTO	-7	1	Sunny
WASHINGTON	1	11	Cloudy
ZURICH	6	12	Sunny

*For the latest weather conditions, contact Swisair.

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THE WEATHER

Forecast: Continued dry with additional slight rise in temperatures. Ease in the south.

	Yesterday's Humidity	Yesterday's Min-Max	Today's Min-Max
Jerusalem	85	10-23	26
Golan	38	10-26	26
Nahariya	78	9-22	23
Safed	14	11-21	23
Haifa Port	71	15-21	23
Tiberias	40	13-26	28
Nazareth	39	13-26	27
Afula	24	9-22	20
Bemona	23	14-24	24
Tel Aviv	45	14-26	26
B-G Airport	25	13-26	30
Jericho	19	13-21	31
Gaza	13	14-22	26
Be'er Sheva	14	13-25	26
Eilat	17	17-24	35
Tiran Straits	22	20-22	35

SOCIAL & PERSONAL

Ophira Navon, the wife of the president, held a brunch at Beit Hanaana yesterday for wives of the foreign diplomatic corps, who discussed their plans for marking the UN's International Year of the Child.

The Editors Committee on Tuesday visited the Shiloah Institute of Tel Aviv University, where they were welcomed by institute head Prof. Haim Shaked and director Eli Nekhes. The guests heard lectures on the region's political situation.

Prof. Boleslav Goldman, medical director of Sheba Medical Centre and director of its genetics centre, and Dr. Daniel Katznelson, head of the pediatric department, will speak on cystic fibrosis at the Tel Aviv-Jaffa Rotary Club's weekly meeting today at 1 p.m. at the Hilton Hotel.

In Memoriam

The Senate of Bar-Ilan University paid tribute to the memory of the late chief rabbi emeritus, Sir Israel Brodie, distinguished member of the university's board of trustees, at a meeting on Tuesday. Tributes were delivered by the president, Prof. Emanuel Rackman, and by Prof. Murray Roston. Sir Israel was actively associated with Bar-Ilan since its inception. The university has a chair of education and scholarship in his honour. Bar-Ilan is establishing a memorial scholarship fund in Sir Israel's memory.

DEFENCE IRATE

(Continued from page 1)

ing lucrative new fields for producers here, especially in electronics and other sophisticated systems.

"It seems," said one official in explaining the package, "that the Americans have a genuine cash-flow problem that Congressional reaction would have been extremely unfavourable to an outsized grant. One must also remember," the official continued, "that the U.S. also has a commitment now to Egypt, making the total money package very expensive."

In order to compensate for their inability to make cash available, the Ezer was told, the Americans were "extremely liberal" in acquiescing to Israel's arms requests and allowing for future co-production. The source pointed out that this was in direct contravention of Carter's earlier policy of limiting international arms transfers, and his unilateral decision two years ago to cut back on the arms package to Israel.

Alides and the minister himself would not say yesterday whether they considered the public criticism of Weisman's performance and Begin and Foreign Minister Moshe Dayan's announcement that they would try and negotiate a "better deal," a vote of no confidence.

"If you ask me," one senior official said, "this is a cheap political swipe at Weisman by 'little men' in the Treasury who are unaware of the implications of their gossip."

Shlomo Maoz adds:

The chairman of the Knesset Economic Committee, Gad Ya'acobi (Alignment-Labour), yesterday presented an urgent motion for the agenda calling for a discussion of the size of the U.S. aid package to Israel.

Ya'acobi claims that the size and structure of the aid would become a burden on the economy, since only \$800m. of the aid is to be in the form of a grant, while Israel is leaving over \$25 billion worth of equipment in the Sinai.

Energy Minister Yitzhak Moda'i yesterday said that there are still problems to be solved with regard to the oil fields, and said he would not go to Egypt until those difficulties have been resolved. He expressed dissatisfaction with the manner in which the oil problem had been dealt with, and said the oil problem would "come back to haunt us."

HUSSEIN, SAUDIS

(Continued from page 1)

Gulf states had prepared a working paper to be presented at the emergency meeting of Arab foreign ministers in Baghdad scheduled for next Tuesday, the day after the signing of the peace treaty in Washington.

The paper said that the Saudi's were proposing that Arab diplomatic relations with Cairo would be maintained after the treaty signing on at least a consular level. These consultations, "Al-Watan" added, would carry out much the same functions as embassies.

The U.S. denied yesterday that Brezinski had "arm-twisted" Hussein in his visit to Amman, as Hussein charged in an interview with American newsmen on Tuesday. State Department spokesman Roddy Carter said that U.S. policy towards Jordan would not change as a result of Jordan's refusal to back the Israeli-Egyptian treaty.

In other developments yesterday Lebanese Premier Selim al-Hoss said that his country was committed to Arab solidarity as manifested in last November's anti-Sadat Baghdad summit and its resolutions. He said he would send his foreign minister, Fuad Butros, to next week's emergency conference in Baghdad. The Baghdad summit called for a

number of punitive measures to be taken against Egypt. These include the expulsion of Egypt from the Arab league, the removal of the league's headquarters from Cairo and political and economic sanctions against Egypt. Such measures would have little effect on Egypt without Saudi participation.

Jewish Agency for Israel Department for the Immigration of Children and Youth

On the thirtieth day after the passing of

YOCHANAN GINAT (Goertner)

there will be a memorial meeting on Sunday, March 25, 1979, at 4.30 p.m., at the Bayt General Seminary for Teachers (presently the French Department), 10 Rehov Emanuel, German Colony, Jerusalem.

Addresses:
Dr. Hanoach Rivot
Rueven Golan
Akiva Lewinsky
Moshe Kol
Meir Gottesmann

Friends and those who cherish his memory are invited.

In deep sorrow, we announce the death of our dear

MORRIS WEINSTEIN

of Malden, Mass., U.S.A.

The funeral took place yesterday, March 21, 1979 at the Herzl's cemetery. The shiva will be at Libera' House, 35 Shalva Street, Herzl's B.

THE FAMILY

AVRAHAM FRIEDMAN

former chairman of Seniors Jerusalem A.A.C.I., and active at Akim and Micha, passed away on Tuesday, March 20. Funeral will take place on Friday, April 23, 1979 at 10 a.m. from Sanhedria Cemetery in Jerusalem.

With deep sorrow we regret the passing of

FRED JOSEPH MALLET

Past National Commander of the Judea Battalion
President of the American Friends of the Avichail Cultural Centre
Specter Family

To Haim Yeffet
Executive Director of the Jerusalem Journalists Association
Deepest sympathies on the death, in the line of duty,
of your brother

MOSHE

The National Federation of Israel Journalists
The Press Council

Peace pact celebration expected to be modest

By JUDY SIEGEL
Jerusalem Post Reporter

The modest, joyful celebration of Israel's 30th anniversary of independence on May 15, 1949, is not likely to be repeated on Monday, when Israel signs a peace treaty with its long-time foe Egypt. But, predicts cabinet secretary Arye Naor, there will be spontaneous dancing in the streets.

As chairman of the committee coordinating "peace celebrations" appointed earlier this week, Naor expects the people to be happy on the historic occasion. But expenditure on organized celebrations will be minimal.

"We don't know how much they'll spend," Naor told *The Jerusalem Post* last night. "We will help the various municipalities by lending them equipment we have in stock."

A full-scale benefit at Ben-Gurion Airport tomorrow will be given by Prime Minister Menachem Begin and his large entourage when they take off for the U.S., and a similar ceremony is scheduled for their return, probably at the end of next week. The premier will then be accompanied by President Yitzhak Rabin and Knesset Speaker Yitzhak Mordechai to the Knesset plaza for a military ceremony.

A special reception will follow in the Chagall Hall of the Knesset — attended by soldiers who have been

awarded the Medal of Valour, IDF veterans, bereaved parents, MKs and former MKs. Jewish organizations abroad have asked the Prime Minister's Office if they can also send representatives to the reception.

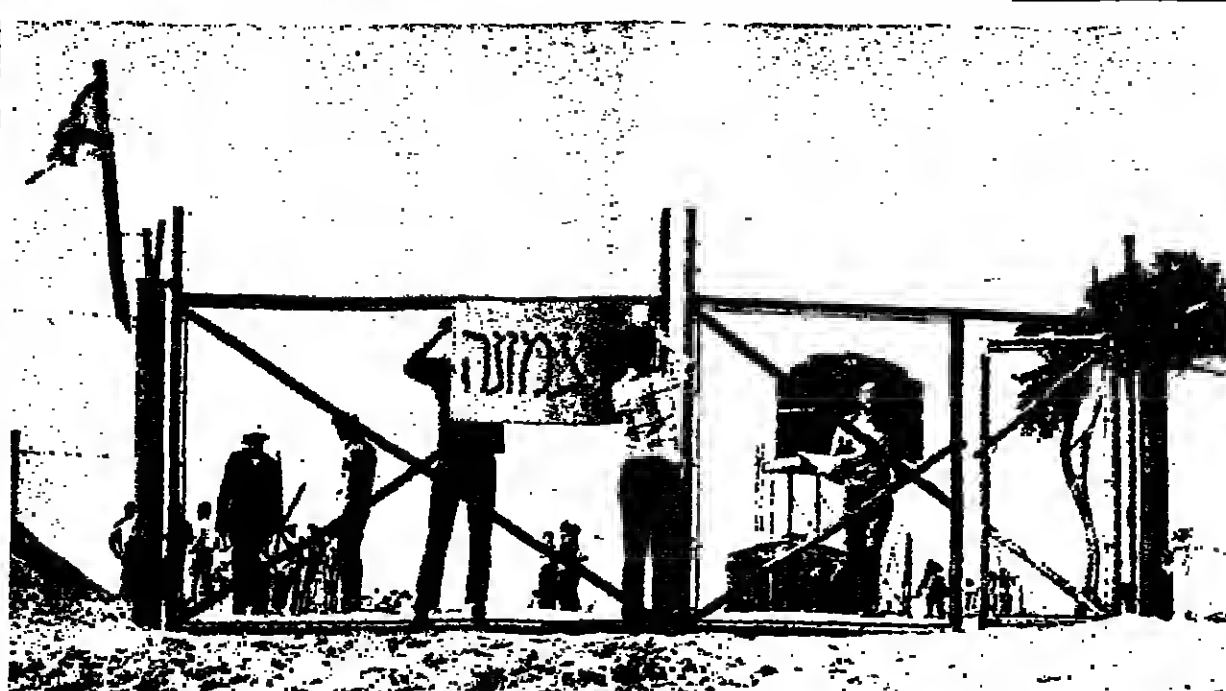
On the day the treaty is signed, the nation's fallen will be remembered with a flower placed on each of the thousands of graves in military cemeteries.

The Jerusalem Municipality has not yet decided if it will organize a mass celebration, but the Tel Aviv Municipality is preparing an event for Kikar Malchei Yisrael. Some local authorities have asked Naor's committee for giant projection screens so that crowds can watch the signing ceremony outdoors.

The committee will meet again today to settle more details.

Classes will be held as usual in schools around the country on Monday, but youngsters will mark the signing by discussions on "the concept of peace in Judaism" and on the peace treaty itself. The Education Ministry yesterday sent out a circular to all principals requesting them to mark the day with events organized by each school according to its ability and interest.

Educational TV has planned special programs for schools on the day the treaty is signed.



Gush Emunim sympathizers yesterday secure a sign bearing the name "Atzmona" to the gate of the North Sinai outpost they have been occupying since Sunday. (Lester Millman)

Small group remains at new Sinai settlement

By HARRY WALL
Jerusalem Post Reporter

YAMIT. — In a move to prevent additional Gush Emunim partisans from joining the unauthorized settlements established near El-Arish, the army yesterday sealed off the Northern Sinai highway leading to the outpost. But supporters of the group were able to circumvent the road block, located at Sheikh Zuaid, by way of unpeved roads and dunes in the area.

No effort has been made by the army to evict the squatters from their outpost, named Atzmona, which they have occupied since Sunday night. The action was taken in protest against the impending peace treaty and the evacuation of Sinai.

The only other restriction imposed by the military authorities was on the carting of heavy equipment to the site. Relations between the Gush partisans and the army have been friendly, with the deputy military governor of the El-Arish area twice visiting the settlement in recent days.

"We have received no instructions to evacuate the people here," a high-ranking officer at the scene told *The Jerusalem Post*.

Prior to the ban, the squatters managed to bring in a prefabricated fiberglass structure furnished by neighbouring Moshav Neot Sinai.

Out of the initial group of some 100 sympathizers, only about 40 people were at the outpost yesterday, most of them youths.

"We have every intention of making this a permanent settlement," said Hanan Eshel, secretary of a 20-member group from Kibbutz Keshet in the Golan. When asked how permanent such a settlement could be if the entire area was returned to Egypt in three years, Eshel answered that a lot could happen in that time to change the situation.

The squatters spent the evening singing and dancing. They were joined by sympathizers from other settlements in the area. "We welcome their support and laud their pioneering venture," said Gerry Rettem from Neot Sinai.

The moshav has provided the squatters with a portable generator, fruit, vegetables and other provisions. Water is tapped from a pipeline installed at the outpost last year. Members of the group have weapons and have posted their own guards at night.

Meanwhile, a protest strike called by the Yamit local council failed to gather much support from local residents. The town's entrance was barricaded for about an hour early yesterday morning but was cleared by military police. No businesses or industries closed in sympathy with the action.

"I guess we are just reconciled to its being all over," said a Yamit shop owner.

But diehard farmers from the neighbouring settlements have declared today "a day of mourning," and have served notice that they will conduct further disturbances such as Tuesday's roadblock at the Rafiah Junction.

A Yamit family also planned to camp out in front of the Knesset last night to protest the peace accord.

Hebrew U 'settlement' parodies Gush

Leftist and Arab students at the Hebrew University in Jerusalem yesterday set up a "settlement" on the Givat Ram campus lawn to protest against an unauthorized Gush Emunim settlement near Yamit in the Rafiah Approaches.

The students, belonging to "Campus," the left-wing student organization, and to the Arab Students Committee, fenced off an area of the large lawn outside the main university buildings, and set up a model settlement.

Using toy pistols they fired at passersby, the students also protested recent vigilante-style efforts by Jewish settlers in the West Bank to impose order in Arab towns where rioting was going on.

The demonstration was quiet and ended peacefully.

Earlier, university president Avraham Harman warned the demonstrators not to hold the "settlement" parody. He said that the university is open to the expression of all ideas, "on condition that it is done in the proper place, in a civilized manner, and with the intention to persuade." But despite Harman's warning, police were not called in, university sources said, "because there were no disturbances as a result of the demonstration." (Itim)

Galilee village says no to newcomers

Jerusalem Post Reporter

SAFAD. — The village council of Jish (Guah Halav) in Upper Galilee near here has turned down a request from the Prime Minister's Office to allow the population of the Arab shantytown of Akbaras, south of Safad, to be moved to their village.

The Jish council said they did not have enough room in the village for themselves, let alone for the 500 Akbarans — whose original village, Kadita, was destroyed in the War of Independence.

But at the premier's office, sources said that the Jish council is afraid to upset the current demographic balance in the village, which is mostly Christian, by absorbing the Akbarans, who are all Moslems.

Nat'l insurance payments by Pessah

By SHLOMO MAOZ
Post Economic Reporter

National Insurance Institute children's allowances will be paid by the end of the week. *The Jerusalem Post* learned last night, following yesterday's end of a three-day strike by the institute's workers.

All other payments will be made by the end of the month, to insure that all recipients of national insurance aid will have their money before Pessah.

The strike was in protest against the Treasury's overruling of NII workers' new contract, which the Finance Ministry claimed went beyond accepted wage limits. Labour and Social Affairs Minister Israel Katz had to intervene with back-to-work injunctions against the warning strike to ensure that grants would go out on time.

Chairman of the Knesset Labour and Social Affairs Committee Menachem Porush has asked the attorney-general to give a legal opinion quickly on the NII labour contract. The Treasury has said that it is illegal, but the workers' counsel has argued that it is legal.

Overseas nurses end week's seminar

One hundred and twenty nurses from Bermuda, Canada, Costa Rica, Greece, Holland, Iceland, Norway, Wales, Turkey and the U.S. joined with several hundred Israeli nurses this week in seminars at Herzliya, Jerusalem, Haifa and Tel Aviv on the future role of nursing in the world.

The seminar, which ends today, was led by Rachel Rotkovich, director of nursing at Long Island Jewish Hillelde Nursing Centre and associate professor of nursing at the State University of New York at Stony Brook.

Baby buggy brings sappers seeking rockets

A large detail of security forces yesterday was rushed to the San Martin neighbourhood in Jerusalem after residents thought they had found a Katyusha rocket launcher. But an inspection by police and army sappers found the "rocket launcher" to be an old baby carriage discarded in a pile of garbage. (Itim)

UPPER NAZARETH. — The municipality of Upper Nazareth yesterday passed a 1978/79 budget for the 1978/79 fiscal year, including a 1L105m. deficit.

Price of electricity

Post Economic Reporter

The Knesset Finance Committee yesterday decided to raise the price of electricity, effective February 26, by 17 per cent, rather than the 24 per cent originally proposed.

The committee also recommended that the Knesset approve the rise in the price of petrol, which also came into effect on February 28. MK Ad Amoral (Alignment-Labour) opposed the move, arguing that the large increase was unjustified.

Stage great 'Bomba' Tzur dies in TA after illness

Actor Yosef "Bomba" Tzur died yesterday in Tel Aviv's Ichilov Hospital at the age of 51. He will be buried today in the Herzliya cemetery.

Star of popular Israeli musical stage productions, his rotund figure and infectious smile brightened all sorts of stages, nightclubs and repertory theatres. He was a storyteller, a singer, an actor. He improvised monologues and constantly carried on dialogues with the audience.

Born in Haifa in 1928, "Bomba" made his special mark in two of the most popular musicals ever shown in Israel — "My Fair Lady," in which he played the disreputable Mr. Dolittle, and "Fiddler on the Roof" in which he played the leading role of Tevye. He was magnificent in both of them. Unfortunately rising costs of the grand-scale Broadway musical production gave it a death blow on the Israeli stage, and "Bomba" was never again given a chance to prove what he could really do.

Shortly after "Fiddler" ended he disappeared altogether. The illness of his wife Mira, who died a year ago, and his own terminal illness made it impossible for him to appear on the stage. He had his brief moment of glory, a reminder of his great days, several months ago when Israel Television presented a full-hour programme built around him. "My Last Performance" was a heart-rending tribute to a dying man, and the last time anyone saw him perform.

Tzur leaves three children and his mother. His funeral will be held today at 4:30. (M.K.)

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Trees for Dutch who saved Jews

Three trees will be planted in Yad Vashem's Avenue of Righteous Gentiles in Jerusalem today in honour of a Dutchwoman and two Dutch couples, all of whom saved Jews from the Nazis during World War II.

In 1943 a German Jewish woman living in hiding entered the hospital in which Nel van der Spek worked. Mrs. van der Spek, who headed the hospital's underground unit for saving Jews, saw to it that the woman's young son and daughter were hidden with a Dutch family. The son — now an El Al pilot — says she apparently also provided the family with financial aid. Mrs. van der Spek has on her several visits to Israel declined any recognition for what she did; the tree is to be planted by her sister, Leendert and Aaltje Rietveld of Leyden.

Leyden in 1942 gave refuge to a Mrs. Dutsch-Piakop, who had managed to escape the mass shipment of Amsterdam Jews to death-camps in Poland, and employed her as a worker in their Leyden boarding-house until the end of the war. They also saved other Jews, and in all cases for pure humanitarian reasons, without accepting payment.

The tree is to be planted by their daughter, Antonius-Bernardus and Johanna Husken of Apeldoorn and their son Ben from 1943 until 1945 sheltered the Katz family, which had managed to escape from the Westerbork concentration camp. The son, who will be planting the tree in honour of his mother and his late father, has remained a great friend of Israel.

Couple suspected of murdering daughter

EL-ARISH (Itim). — A couple from EL-ARISH have been arrested on suspicion of having murdered their 17-year-old daughter to "protect the family's honour." The girl apparently became pregnant out of wedlock.

The victim, Maryam Najjar, was brought to hospital earlier this week suffering from serious pains. Doctors' attempts to save her failed. Police suspect she was poisoned by a drink served to her by her parents.

Papua New Guinea names envoy to Israel

Papua New Guinea has appointed its high commissioner to the United Kingdom, Frederick Bernhart Carl Reiter, as non-resident ambassador to Israel.

Reiter will be the first diplomatic representative to Israel from the South Pacific nation.

Housing Ministry plans Gadera lottery review

The Housing Ministry plans to review candidates for housing in Gadera who were chosen in a young couples lottery, after a group of 10 couples claimed in court that many of the ministry's candidates were not eligible for the housing.

The High Court of Justice in Jerusalem heard the application of the 15 couples who claimed that a lottery for 96 available apartments in Gadera had been held without their knowledge and that many of the winning couples were ineligible. The decision for a Housing Ministry review also resulted in the 15 couples dropping their application. (Itim)

Menuhin to Cairo if IPO can go too

TEL AVIV (Itim). — Violinist Yehudi Menuhin yesterday said he was ready to perform in Cairo next week, but only if he could appear in concert with the Israel Philharmonic Orchestra.

Menuhin told reporters at Ben-Gurion Airport that he has always been willing to perform in Cairo, but that such a performance would depend on the IPO's appearance with him. Here for a week-long visit for two Jerusalem concerts, Menuhin said he believed musicians could "sometimes make a greater contribution to peace than the diplomats and politicians."

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REGBA KITCHENS

Signing might be seen in colour here

By JUDY SIEGEL
Jerusalem Post Reporter

The signing of the peace treaty between Israel and Egypt in Washington next Monday will probably be broadcast live in colour on Israel TV.

The authority has asked Communications Minister Yitzhak Moda'i for government permission to screen in colour both the signing ceremony and the joint session of Congress to be addressed by Prime Minister Menachem Begin and Egyptian President Anwar Sadat. The state broadcast given by President Jimmy Carter and a press conference will probably not be in colour.

Most of the events will be covered on Israel Radio and TV even if they take place in the early hours of the morning according to Israel TV.

TV and radio are sending a number of correspondents to Washington along with Prime Minister Begin and his official party to cover the events. The authority management hopes that current sanctions by radio technicians in Tel Aviv over demands for expense money in the city will not upset coverage of the treaty signing. In any event, the army radio station will offer full coverage.

Israel Radio's English department is also sending a representative to Washington who will broadcast most events live. The reports in English will be aired on the First Programme rather than on the usual Fourth Programme band, so as not to disrupt Arabic programming.

Hospital gets its direct road back

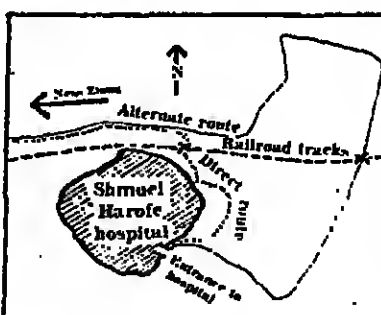
By LYNDIA GOLDMAN
Jerusalem Post Reporter

TEL-AVIV. — Shmuel Haroef's hospital at Be'er Ya'acov near here, whose staff have been demonstrating daily since the sudden closing of their direct access road at the demand of Israeli motorists, will get its road back.

The Transport Ministry decided yesterday to erect an automatic barrier at the point where the road crosses the highway, which will allow a "visit to the scene during the morning" by Transport Minister Elyahu Landau.

The visit came two days after doctors and nurses clashed with Highway personnel when the midway crossing was found open again. The Hospital staff had said that they would not move from the site unless the road — the main access to the hospital since the British built it more than 30 years ago — remained open.

The ministry closed the road several weeks ago on the recommendation of the Highway, which said that the lack of a barrier at the level crossing made it a danger to motorists. The ministry also noted at the time that the road was "illegal," which meant it had never been licensed by the



Council threatens to close unsafe road

TEL AVIV. — Regional council heads from the northern Negev yesterday threatened to blockade Beersheba-Sa'ad-Tel Aviv highway if repairs on it are not completed.

In the last three years, they told a council conference here, 250 accidents on the road caused 280 injuries and 20 deaths. The "last straw" was the head-on collision of two buses which occurred there recently.

The council heads did not disclose details of their planned action. They admitted that blocking the road would be illegal, but expressed frustration with the fact that all previous efforts to call attention to the road's unsafe condition had gone unnoticed.

New old-age home opens in Haifa

Jerusalem Post Reporter

HAIFA. — In a well-planned two-year operation, all 90 residents of Haifa's Dutch community home for the aged — Beit Joles — were moved yesterday from the old building to their new, eight-story premises.

The new Beit Joles is an eye-catching building on Derech Hayam, with 70 rooms and capacity to expand if the need arises. It is managed by a fund established by the Jewish community of Haarlem, Holland, and managed by the organization of Dutch immigrants in Israel.

Money for the original Beit Joles, built on the Carmel 23 years ago, came mostly from the estate of a wealthy Jew named Joles. Next to nothing is known about Joles, who had no family. He willed his estate for the building of a hospital for the Dutch community in Israel, but so few were left at the end of the war that the fund's management felt a home for the aged not only for Dutch, but for German-speaking people as well — would serve a better purpose.

SANCTIONS. — Nasareth high school teachers yesterday began work action in protest against the city's failure to pay their salaries. Instead of 60-minute classes, the teachers are working only 45 minutes a session.

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Kurds gain in Sanandaj Revolt poses toughest challenge to Khomeini

SANANDAJ. — Iran's religious leader Ayatollah Ruhollah Khomeini yesterday faced one of the toughest challenges to his Islamic revolution as Kurdish rebels tightened their hold on this provincial capital and maintained a siege on a military garrison.

Fighting in this Kurdish town near the Iraqi border went into its fourth day with the government admitting that over 100 persons have died and several hundred were wounded. Independent sources in Sanandaj claimed that at least 300 persons have died since the bloody fighting erupted on Sunday over the army's reluctance to issue arms and ammunition to Kurds of the Sunni Moslem sect.

Khomeini, 78-year-old architect of the uprising that ousted Shah Mohammed Reza Pahlavi's monarchy last month, appealed to the Kurds and government forces to end the fighting. In a last-ditch effort, Khomeini dispatched his closest aide, Ayatollah Mahmoud Taleghani, head of Teheran's Shia Moslems, to Kurdistan to try to bring the warring factions to the peace table.

In addition, the government announced that armed forces commander Gen. Vahid Ullah Gharani accompanied by Interior Minister Seyyed Javadi flew to Kurdistan yesterday to prevent the rebellion from spreading to other parts of the region.

Kurdish rebels surrounding the 26th Iranian infantry division barracks, exchanged rifle and machinegun fire with the besieged troops after yet another cease-fire attempt broke down.

Kurdish guerrillas said four

American-built Huey helicopter gunships had fired down on the rebel positions in civilian houses yesterday morning.

The Kurds appeared to have secured hillside positions on the other side of the army base from which to fire on the troops.

The guerrillas said they had set up their own revolutionary committee to run Sanandaj in opposition to the pro-Khomeini one appointed after last month's revolution.

The "Voice of the Revolution" radio in Teheran said that Khomeini's chief religious representative in the capital and other Moslem leaders had been sent to Sanandaj "to investigate the situation and attend to the demands of the Kurdish people," who have been pressing for autonomy ever since the ebbs was topped last month.

Ayatollah Khomeini and most Iranians belong to the Shia sect of Islam. The Kurds are almost all Sunnis.

The radio also repeated a statement by the armed forces high command charging that those attacking the Sanandaj garrison were "counter-revolutionaries" — a charge vehemently denied by the Kurdish guerrillas.

In a televised address to the nation to mark the beginning of the Persian new year yesterday, Khomeini made no reference to the fighting in Kurdistan. But he went out of his way to defend the army.

"We should support our army; we need it," he said. "We cannot do without it. We should reform and purge it and be careful about new military appointments. It is really necessary to bring in real Moslem patriots." (AP/Reuter)



An F-5 chase plane trails a Boeing 747 carrying the U.S. National Aeronautics and Space Administration's space shuttle "Columbia" during a 50-minute flight yesterday to check heat tiles on the lumbering space vehicle. Weather conditions have delayed its flight to Cape Canaveral, Florida, for an eventual space launch later this year. (AP radiophoto)

Iranian executions called 'negligible'

TEHERAN (Reuter). — Executions carried out in Iran since the monarchy fell last month were "minimal and negligible" compared with those which followed major revolutions in other parts of the world, a government communique said yesterday.

"In view of the degree of brutality and savagery with which these culprits had committed crimes against their countrymen who were only struggling for liberty and human decency on the one hand, and a glimpse at the mass executions that had taken place after major political and social revolutions elsewhere in the world, what is happening in Iran indeed looks minimal and negligible," the government communique said.

Prime Minister Mehdi Bazargan,

former chairman of the Iranian Human Rights Defence Committee who was several times imprisoned by the shah, last week publicly protested against secret trials and summary executions, prompting Ayatollah Ruhollah Khomeini to suspend them. At least 48 officials of the shah's regime have been shot by revolutionary firing squads since the February 10 uprising.

A leading Iranian political commentator, Fariborz Atapour, wrote Tuesday in the English-language "Teheran Journal" that violations of human rights since the revolution in Iran could only be compared with the atrocities in Cambodia under the now-outcast Pol Pot regime. Atapour said there were now more than 20,000 political prisoners in Iran.

The official Pars news agency

yesterday reported the government as saying that the "state of revolt and ardour of the Iranian people... were too great for the leadership of the revolution to prevent these trials and executions."

Pars said yesterday's official communique was issued in "response to numerous objections made by Iranians and a number of international organizations regarding trials and executions of criminals of the former despotic regime and the fact that these trials have not been open to the public."

National Iranian Radio and Television chief Sadegh Ghoobadbehdad recently said 69,000 people had been killed and 100,000 wounded in the revolution. It put up an "Iranian republic." No independent confirmation of this figure was available.

Angola claims it downed six South African combat planes

LONDON (Reuter). — The Angolan Defence Ministry yesterday said its armed forces shot down six South African combat aircraft along the border with Namibia (South West Africa) last week.

A ministry communique issued in Luanda said the planes were shot down on March 13 and 14, and that wreckage from the downed planes and captured documents would be put in public view.

The communique said that since the destruction of the planes South African aircraft have been avoiding areas defended by anti-aircraft guns.

The communique said, "the military situation in the south, particularly in the province bordering Namibia, continues to give cause for concern. Although the racist South African forces considerably reduced their air attacks after the

swift response by our anti-aircraft missile installations on March 13 and 14, violations of our border continue.

"In response to the threat to our border and after South Africa's rejection of the UN proposals for a peaceful solution to the problem of Namibia's independence, our units were ordered to shoot down any enemy plane violating our air space and attack any ground troops invading our territory," the communique said.

Stating that the wreckage of downed enemy aircraft and documents and other captured material would soon be shown to the public, the communique gave the following statistics for the second week of March: 70 enemy flights; 13 regions bombed; 131 tons of bombs dropped; 12 dead and 30 injured; enemy casualties; six planes destroyed and 12 dead.

Vietnam threatens action if Chinese don't withdraw

BANGKOK (Reuter). — Vietnam yesterday demanded that China complete its withdrawal of forces by March 28 and gave an indirect threat of military action if they do not.

A Vietnamese Foreign Ministry spokesman in Hanoi said talks on restoring normal relations between the two communist neighbours could start on March 28 in the Vietnamese capital if the Chinese withdrawal were completed by the previous day, Radio Hanoi reported.

But the note added that "if Chinese troops continue to occupy Vietnamese territory, then the Vietnamese people and armed forces will resolutely use their legitimate right to self-defence to defend their independence, sovereignty and territorial integrity."

Reliable sources in Bangkok said the Vietnamese have been moving large numbers of troops to the north since Peking announced it was withdrawing its forces from northern Vietnam border provinces they invaded last month. Some of the troops being moved were from Cambodia, the sources said.

The note charged that Chinese troops were still occupying "three areas and 16 points" inside Vietnam, despite Peking's announcement last week that the Chinese troop withdrawal had been completed.

A Vietnamese Foreign Ministry statement issued earlier in the day made the same allegations. It said that the Chinese were occupying areas in northeastern Lang Son province between 30 km. and 200 km. inside the border.

Meanwhile, in New Delhi, China lodged a diplomatic protest with India concerning what it said were "violently" anti-Chinese statements made by Soviet Premier Alexei Kosygin during his March 9-10 visit here, the Chinese embassy reported yesterday. Kosygin had called the Chinese "criminal aggressors" invading Vietnam and said Peking's promise of a withdrawal was untrue.

In a March 13 meeting with foreign ministry officials, Chinese Ambassador Chen Chao-yuan also protested anti-Chinese statements made at a news conference called by Soviet bloc ambassadors accredited to India, an embassy official said.

Afghans claim heavy fighting

ISLAMABAD, Pakistan (AP). — A dissident Afghan Islamic leader claimed yesterday that fighting against the troops of President Nur Mohammed Taraki is going on in eight provinces, and demanded military assistance from Western countries, Arab nations and Pakistan, to defeat the Marxist government in Kabul.

Prof. Sighatullah Mujaddidi, chairman of the National Liberation Front — a grouping of Moslem dissidents fighting against the Soviet-backed government in Afghanistan — told a press conference that in some of the areas the government troops are so hard pressed that the Kabul government has cancelled the usual three-day Afghan new year holiday, March 21-23.

Meanwhile, the Soviet Union for the second time this week accused

Pakistan of helping rebellious Afghan Moslems overthrow the leftist regime in Kabul. Pakistan has denied the accusation.

The Russians also said the U.S., China, Britain, West Germany, Egypt and some other Arab regimes were increasing anti-Afghan propaganda as part of a common plan to encourage elements opposed to Premier Taraki.

The Communist Party organ "Pravda" said reactionary elements of the clergy and groups such as the Moslem Brotherhood in Pakistan were playing a major role in an effort to restore the monarchy in Afghanistan.

The Soviet Union quickly recognized the new regime, more than doubled the number of advisers and technicians in the country, and signed a treaty of friendship with Taraki last December.

Italy's new minority gov't seen falling at first vote

ROME (Reuter). — Italy's new three-party minority government sworn in yesterday by President Sandro Pertini.

Headed by previous prime minister Giulio Andreotti, the government is widely regarded as a stop-gap, doomed to fall at its first parliamentary test. Among the 21 ministers sworn in yesterday are three from the Republican Party and four Social Democrats.

All the others are members of Andreotti's Christian Democratic party, which has headed every Italian government since the second World War. Despite 80 days of political bargaining since Andreotti's last government fell on January 31, no majority has emerged.

Parties and Communists are likely to combine against the new government in its first confidence vote, probably on March 29, bringing it down and making an early general election inevitable.

The coalition partners control only

291 seats in the 630-member chamber and, in order to survive, the new government must exist support, or at least abstention, on key votes from the Communists, the second largest party with 228 seats, or the third-ranking Socialists with 57 seats.

A defeat on the confidence vote would almost certainly lead to the dissolution of parliament and to national elections two years ahead of schedule.

In his first reaction, Bettino Craxi, secretary of the Socialist Party, called the new cabinet lineup "uninspiring." Craxi has said he favours an early election.

The Communists, who precipitated the latest crisis by demanding cabinet seats for communists or pro-communist "independents," have vowed to return to the active opposition. But they have not indicated how they will vote on the confidence motion.

(Reuter, AP)

Pilots blame Zambia for rocket attacks

AMSTERDAM (AP). — An international pilots' organization yesterday accused Zambia of backing terrorists who shot down two Rhodesian airliners recently with ground-to-air missiles.

At the close of the annual meeting of the International Federation of Airline Pilots Association (IFALPA), the group's president, Capt. D.F. Pearce, said action was being sought at government level to eliminate the threat of more rocket attacks in Rhodesia and elsewhere.

"The federation believes that the recent missile attacks have shown that Zambia is willing to offer sanctuary and sometimes support for these acts of terrorism," he declared. "We thoroughly condemn these attacks, which can occur in any state in the world. They are a new threat which must be stamped out, and individual states must act to stop proliferation. We have already seen how quickly hijacking can spread."

Security issues were a major topic on the agenda of the six-day IFALPA meeting. One resolution called for security officers to go around aircraft cabins as well as exteriors before take-off to check for planted explosives. The federation will review this at its next annual meeting, which could decide to boycott airports where such controls are not enforced.

Gulf emirates push for unity

ABU DHABI (Reuter). — An official memorandum published here yesterday urged the rulers of the United Arab Emirates (UAE) to step up unification measures, including the abolition of state borders created by "colonialism."

It also demanded a unified security organization and the purge of "aliens" from the armed forces, which it said should be placed under a unified command.

The document also called for a permanent constitution, in place of the existing provisional one, and greater federal control over the judiciary, immigration, foreign nationality, and the economy, including the creation of a central bank.

Referring to the latest events in Iran, Afghanistan, the Yemens and the Horn of Africa, it said the dangers facing the UAE need the bolstering of the internal front and

solidarity among all executive branches.

The lengthy memorandum, published in the semi-official newspaper "Al-Ittihad," was prepared jointly last month by the UAE cabinet and its 40-member council.

It was submitted to the UAE's supreme council, composed of its seven member-states' rulers, which met on Monday for the first time since November 1976.

Abu Dhabi, Dubai, Fujaira, Ajman, Ras Al-Khaima, Sharja and Umm al-Qaiwain were federated into the UAE when Britain pulled its military out of the strategic region in 1971.

But the hastily assembled federation came under increasing strains because of jealousies and rivalries among the rulers, some of whom resisted submitting to the federal authority, working under a provisional constitution.

Italian terrorists launch more attacks

ROME (AP). — A news editor was assassinated here on Tuesday; terrorist bombs blew up government offices in Milan that night; and an industrialist in Cuneo south of Turin was seriously injured by a car bomb yesterday.

The body of Minn Pecorelli, 51, editor of the rightist news weekly "Op," was found in his automobile half-way between his office and home near the Vatican, police said. Sources said it was a politically motivated murder, but no terrorist

group claimed responsibility immediately.

In Milan, terrorist bombs blew up three different offices of a government housing agency Tuesday night. The overnight raid was not claimed. However authorities believed it was the work of a left-wing terrorist organization which claimed two abortive bombings against the same offices last week.

In Cuneo, the Red Brigades claimed responsibility for a car bomb that injured Attilio Dutto, 49, director of a local dye works.

Two Namibian villagers slain

WINDHOEK, South West Africa (AP). — A tribal headman and his wife were shot dead in their village in the northern part of South West Africa, the South African defence forces here said yesterday.

A spokesman said black nationalist terrorists armed with sub-machineguns attacked the couple early Monday and then set fire to the village.

There was no statement from the South West Africa People's Organization, a guerrilla group fighting for control of the mineral-rich territory, also known as Namibia. South Africa administers the territory, which is scheduled to have elections leading to independence later in the year.

Belgians begin to withdraw from Zaïre

BRUSSELS (AP). — About 60 Belgian paratroopers sent to Zaïre about a month ago have already returned to Belgium, the Foreign Affairs Ministry spokesman said yesterday. He said the remaining 190 will be back in Belgium by the end of the month, as scheduled.

The soldiers were sent to help train Zaïre troops and join them in manoeuvres. But at the time, government officials also said they had reason to fear for the safety of Europeans in the Zaïre capital of Kinshasa and elsewhere.

New fighting erupts in Nicaragua cities

MANAGUA, Nicaragua (AP). — National Guard troops and anti-government guerrillas clashed in three Nicaraguan cities on Tuesday night. Three soldiers were reportedly killed, and many persons were wounded, according to hospital sources.

A hospital spokesman in Chinandega, 145 km. north of Managua, said the fighting erupted on Tuesday night and continued into the early morning yesterday, with at least three soldiers killed. Communications were cut with the city early yesterday morning, and no further details were available.

The spokesman, who asked not to be identified, said the guerrillas were armed with machineguns and

grenades. He added that electric poles in the city were festooned with red and black bandanas — the colours of the Sandinista Liberation Front — bitter opponents of the government of President Anastasio Somoza.

Fighting was also reported in Escal, Leon and the small village of Las Yabias, 20 km. south of Managua.

The Sandinistas have carried out guerrilla war against the Somoza regime for the last six months. In September the group led a popular uprising and captured half a dozen cities, but the National Guard crushed the rebellion in a two-week campaign that left at least 1,000 people dead.

New way to fight transplant rejection

MADISON, Wisconsin (Reuter). — Two U.S. doctors have reported carrying out a heart transplant operation using a new bone marrow technique they hope will combat rejection.

They said they implanted a second heart in a woman, Jean Branch, 47, on March 5 — leaving the diseased heart still inside her — and also transplanted some bone marrow from the heart donor in her abdominal cavity.

The doctors, Donald Kahn and Richard Hong, said they hoped the bone marrow would produce white blood cells that would make

Branch's body more likely to accept the new heart.

Branch, from Indianapolis, Indiana, was in satisfactory condition at the University of Wisconsin Hospital in Madison, they said yesterday.

Dr. Hong said the bone marrow technique had been tried successfully in laboratory tests in animals "but we don't know if it will work humans."

If the technique proves successful it could open this way for transplant of other organs subject to rejection, he said.

Yemeni talks start between chiefs of staff

BAGHDAD (AP). — Lt. Col. Saleh bin Bakr Husein al-Sayid, South Yemen's army chief of staff, arrived in Sana'a yesterday for talks on implementation of a cease-fire agreement with North Yemen, the Iraqi news agency reported.

A dispatch from Sana'a said Husein al-Sayid would be meeting with his North Yemen counterpart, Lt. Col. Ali al-Sabahi and North Yemen's President Ali Abdullah Saleh.

8 die in ship blaze

SEOUL (AP). — Eight Koreans died yesterday in an engine room fire of freighter in Incheon harbour, kilometres west of Seoul, police said.

A press report said the eight were trapped when someone closed an engine room door from outside. Help from the fire boat and other firemen contained the blaze minutes after it started. Its cause was under investigation. Extent damage to the unloaded 3,000-ton ship, the Young Star, was not known.

CRICKET. — Australia beat West Indies by 24 runs in the third world series cricket super-test Tuesday in Trinidad to level a three-match series at one goal each. The West Indies, needing 150 to win, were bowled out for five minutes before the scheduled tea interval on the final day.

AN EXCELLENT BRANDY
MADE IN ISRAEL

Grand 41

AN EXCELLENT BRANDY WITH THE REPUTATION AND TRADITION OF ASKALON WINES

Thai Prime Minister visits Soviet Union

MOSCOW (AP). — Thai Prime Minister Kriangsak Chomanan yesterday laid wreaths at Lenin's mausoleum and the Tomb of the Unknown Soldier at the start of a week-long visit to the Soviet Union, the first by a head of government from that Asian nation.

Morocco PM resigns

RABAT, Morocco (AP). — Prime Minister Ahmed Osman unexpectedly resigned yesterday after more than six years at the head of the Moroccan government. King Hassan II asked him to remain as caretaker prime minister until a new chief of government is appointed.

There was no immediate indication whom King Hassan would pick as the next premier.

Nazi files yellowing in a Berlin basement

Washington Post News Service
WEST BERLIN. — A major facility in the hunt for Nazi war criminals still at large lies beneath a snow-covered lawn in Zehlendorf, a quiet, wooded residential district of this divided city.

It is the U.S. State Department's tightly guarded Berlin document centre, a large underground warehouse once used by the SS to tap Berlin telephones. A portion of the complex, topped by a single-storey administration building, contains about 30 million frayed, yellowing or partially burned Nazi documents.

The records disclose few of the atrocities committed during the Hitler era, but are an invaluable aid to Nazi hunters and scholars. And even now — 34 years after the end of World War II — the centre remains a sensitive issue in U.S.-German relations.

The two countries have been engaged in slow-moving, delicate negotiations during the last 12 years for turning the centre over to German control. The sensitivity of the negotiations is compounded by the current controversy over whether to extend West Germany's December 31, 1979 deadline for starting legal

proceedings against suspected Nazi war criminals.

Many Germans approach the possibility of a German takeover of the centre with extreme wariness, for its documents contain detailed personal data on virtually every member of the Nazi party — from Adolf Hitler to obscure housewives who had little or nothing to do with the Nazi war effort.

At the very least, such data remain a source of "embarrassment to surviving party members, including many who now hold high public office, such as West Germany's popular and widely respected president, Walter Scheel.

Scheel's membership in the party has long been known and he was cleared of any wrongdoing.

Though they contain no direct evidence of war crimes, the centre's documents are important in identifying suspects. Some also show the ranks and responsibilities of party members and where they served during the war. Suspects whose records are on file cannot expect to get away with a claim of having been somewhere else during the commission of a war crime.

The value of the centre's documents was dramatized by the

conviction of Pieter Mantel, a wealthy Dutch art dealer. He was sentenced in 1977 to 18 years in prison for the murder of Polish national, mostly Jews, while serving with an SS command unit. The conviction, now under review by the Dutch Supreme Court, was based mainly on evidence found in the centre's files.

In the closing days of the war, the Nazis wanted to destroy the records and carted all 40 tons of them from party headquarters in Munich to a nearby pulp mill to be shredded. But the miller, Hans Huber, who was opposed to Nazism, preserved the files and kept them hidden until they were discovered in 1945 by an American GI.

Documents filed at the centre include 95 per cent of all Nazi party membership cards, loyalty and disciplinary files on members and public figures, records on ethnic Germans resettled in Germany, files on Jews and others stripped of citizenship by the Nazis and 1.5 million documents of correspondence among officials.

Only about 65 per cent of the documents have been microfilmed, and many have still not been examined.

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Fitzwilliam College, Cambridge University, will lecture on:

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IN PAKISTAN AND INDIA

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Slow-down in the war against Amin

By DAVID MARTIN
Observer Foreign News Service



Idi Amin

DAR ES SALAAM. — Ugandan soldiers of Idi Amin and their Tanzanian supporters are now preparing for a struggle which some sources believe could last weeks if not months.

The widely shared initial hope that Amin's downfall would be swift does not now appear to have been the considered view of the anti-Amin forces in the Tanzanians whose troops in fact drove Amin's army back from their common frontier.

Since Amin's troops invaded Tanzania on October 30 last year, it has always been the intention of Tanzanian President Julius Nyerere to punish him severely. That involved a limited military plan to smash Amin's Sudeki and Simba battalions based in southern Uganda, which had played a prominent role in the savagery of the invasion.

Nyerere wanted effectively to eliminate them and clear the immediate frontier area of Amin's soldiers. This would remove the danger of a further invasion.

But it was never Nyerere's intention to allow his troops to liberate Uganda from Amin's reign of terror. On the contrary, the plan was always that this should be done by Ugandans. With the Tanzanian Army securing the initial foothold in southern Uganda and, thereafter, continuing to support the anti-Amin forces.

DR. ANDA's former president, Dr. Milton Obote, deposed by Amin in January 1972, was on holiday in Zambia when Uganda invaded. He had been living quietly in exile in a beach house just outside Dar es Salaam, sending even the right to publicly condemn what was happening in his country.

Nyerere immediately sent a plane to Zambia to bring him back. He briefed Obote on the invasion and asked him immediately to begin training his men and recruiting more to fight Amin.

Three other identifiable Ugandan groups received training in the following weeks. The most important of these (its name has not been previously linked with the current fighting) is the Front for National Salvation (FRONASA) led by a former Dar es Salaam university radical student leader, Yoweri Museveni.

The other groups are the Save Uganda Movement (SUM) and the Uganda Nationalist Organization (UNO), led by a right-wing Baganda intellectual. Because the relatives of the leaders of these movements are still in the "unliberated" area of Uganda and might face reprisals, their names cannot be revealed at present. But the total number of people they had trained is under 100, and neither the movements nor their leaders have any political base in Uganda.

OBOTE and Museveni had waited for over six years for the backing that Tanzania now felt free to give. They had both been involved in the abortive 1972 attempt, backed by Tanzania, to overthrow Amin.

The failure of that attempt left Tanzania in considerable political difficulty. A month later in Mogadishu, the Somali capital, Tanzania was forced to sign an agreement with Uganda. They undertook to halt military operations against each other, withdraw troops 10 kilometers from their common frontier and to refrain from harbouring or allowing subversive forces to operate from one country against the other.

The survivors of Obote's forces, mostly ex-Ugandan soldiers, were sent to a small refugee camp near Tabora in north-west Tanzania. There, for the past six years, they have made their living producing vegetables and charcoal to sell on the local market.

It took the Tanzanian Army weeks to move up sufficient men and equipment to carry out Nyerere's limited military objective. Artillery, armour and other equipment had to be moved 1,000 miles from Dar es Salaam to the frontier over routes that barely qualified as roads.

Then, when the Tanzanians were apparently in place, there was a full interspersed by some sporadic border action. People questioned whether Nyerere had changed his mind. But the reason, it appears, was that the Tanzanians were waiting until the anti-Amin Ugandan forces were trained and armed.

FRONASA guerrillas, sources say, acted as forward scouts for the Tanzanians, bringing in valuable information about Ugandan troop movements. Amin was talking about "phase two" and this was interpreted as meaning that a new invasion of Tanzania was imminent.

Tanzanian troops, backed by armour, and a force of about 1,000 Ugandan soldiers, the bulk of them former soldiers, drove a deep wedge into Amin's southern flank, capturing the garrison town of Masaka and Mbarara.

Then, instead of swiftly pushing north towards the capital, Kampala, as was generally predicted, the anti-Amin forces consolidated in the territory they had taken.

Political teams were sent in to organize the 2.5 million Ugandans living in what is now referred to as the "liberated" zone. Elections are now being planned at all levels from the village to the district. A team of economists has begun a study to regenerate economic activity.

At the same time, massive recruitment began to increase the tiny Ugandan force. One source said that as many as 30,000 to 40,000 people have been recruited into a people's militia in the liberated zone but, sources say, they are desperately short of weapons.

POLITICALLY, Nyerere cannot afford to send his troops into Kampala to oust Amin. He does not want the analogy of Cambodia or Czechoslovakia to be raised. Thus it is essential to train Ugandans in the liberated zone to do the job, while Tanzanian troops and the already trained anti-Amin Ugandans prevent Amin's soldiers breaking back into the south.

But training new troops, even on crash courses, takes time — and time

and that he pays compensation for the slaughter and looting by his troops.

The OAU was never likely to condemn Amin and in reality it would have been highly inconvenient if it had done so, for it could have inhibited the Tanzanian leader's future support for the anti-Amin forces.

THE REACTION of the bulk of the international community has, in private, been that the Tanzania leader is doing the right thing in helping to rid the world of a very obnoxious regime. But few countries feel that they can publicly support Nyerere.

Those who had been silently supporting him had hoped for a quick solution. But as the struggle continues, with the demise of Amin immediately in sight, the international community is becoming concerned.

Libya's Colonel Muammar Gaddafi, a leader almost as unpredictable as Amin, has airlifted at least 1,500 troops and a large quantity of arms to Uganda, and this represents a dangerous internationalization of a regional conflict.

The third "time" factor against Nyerere is the cost of the war. Some estimates here put it as high as \$1m. a day, a burden Tanzania, as one of the world's 25 poorest nations, certainly cannot afford.

The country's transport system has been totally disrupted, with vehicles commandeered to move armaments and men to the war zone. Import allocations, even for essential goods, have been drastically slashed with shortages inevitable later this year. Some factories face the prospect of having to close because of the shortage of raw materials.

NYERERE is asking his people to pay an enormous price. But all the indications are that they are more than willing to do so, so deep is their anger at Uganda's invasion. After it was over, 10,000 Tanzanians were said to be unaccounted for.

Amin, once more facing troubles within his own barracks, acted rather in the manner of a Roman emperor and ordered his troops into Tanzania giving them a licence to rape, loot and pillage.

Everything that was movable they took back to Uganda with them. Anything that was immovable they simply destroyed. Even the tin roofs from peasant farmers' houses and their meagre possessions were stolen.

Few people who understand what has happened in Uganda in the eight years since Amin seized power would condemn Nyerere even if politically, and to a degree legally, he is somewhat out on a limb.

Some estimates put the death toll since January 1972 by Amin's killer squads at 250,000. The economy has been wrecked and one of Africa's most developed and lovely countries has been bowed into submission by the most brutal regime the world has seen since the Third Reich.

One of the most ironic aspects of the whole affair is that Amin's actions could well see the return to power of Milton Obote, eight years after his fall. If that occurs it will be the first time that an African president, ousted by his army, has subsequently returned to power.

Duke's 'feudal relic' is up for sale

By ED BLANCHE/The Associated Press



Iona, a 12th-century abbey — not part of the deal.

EDINBURGH. — The island of Iona, cradle of Christianity in Scotland, is up for sale. And the Church of Scotland is praying that the historic haunt of pilgrims and honeymooners will not be snapped up by Americans or Arabs.

The tiny isle off Scotland's west coast is owned by the Duke of Argyll, who is selling it, along with a mainland estate, to raise cash to meet \$1m. in inheritance taxes.

The low-lying, 1,000-hectare island, the most historically significant of the Hebrides, has been in the family since 1635. The Argylls, leaders of the Campbell Clan, were once the most powerful family in Scotland.

Real estate agents believe the island, listed in guidebooks as a "feudal relic," could fetch \$2m, or more for the Argylls — and get them off the tax hook.

IONA'S historical importance lies in the founding there in 563 CE of the first Christian monastery in Scotland by St. Columba, an Irish cleric of royal birth who fled the Emerald Isle

with 12 disciples to convert the pagan Picts.

Columba's evangelical mission was astonishingly successful, and from Iona he and his friends spread the Gospel throughout Scotland and Northern England.

The church and the islanders, who have to ship in their coal twice a year, fear Iona could be taken over by speculators who will turn it into a sort of Christian Disneyland.

Angus Johnston, owner of the St. Columba Hotel, said: "Our immediate worry is that Iona may be commercialized. The Argylls preserved it very well and that's the way we want it to stay."

The Reverend Brian Crosby, who looks after the celebrated abbey, noted: "The dukes never exploited Iona. But now everyone's worried about what could happen."

The 12th Duke of Argyll, who carries the hereditary Gaelic title of Maccaelein Mhor (Admiral of the

Isles), said he decided to sell Iona "with the utmost reluctance."

He added: "I would dearly love to see Iona return into state control in Scotland if it's possible. I and my trustees will make sure it goes to a body that looks after Iona's people and Iona — in that order."

THE CHURCH of Scotland has said it may launch a public appeal to raise the money to buy the island when it goes on the block in the fall.

Another hope voiced by some islanders is that American descendants of the Clan Campbell will rally to the cause.

The Scottish National Party has also got into the act to prevent part of the nation's heritage falling into English or foreign hands.

Iain MacCormick, a Scottish National Party member of the British parliament, said he will press the government to provide funds to acquire Iona for the nation. But the government, beset by economic woes, is unlikely to shell out the money at this time — Celtic paradise or not.

Hoping to hold on until October

By GREVILLE JANNER/Special to The Jerusalem Post

LONDON. — A British prime minister decides when to call a general election. He must do so within five years of the previous poll day (which, in this case, is before October 10 1979), or if he loses a vote of confidence in the House of Commons.

All the omens were set for an election in October last year. But the prime minister dithered until all and invalidated a multi-million pound poster campaign by the Tories. He decided to soldier on.

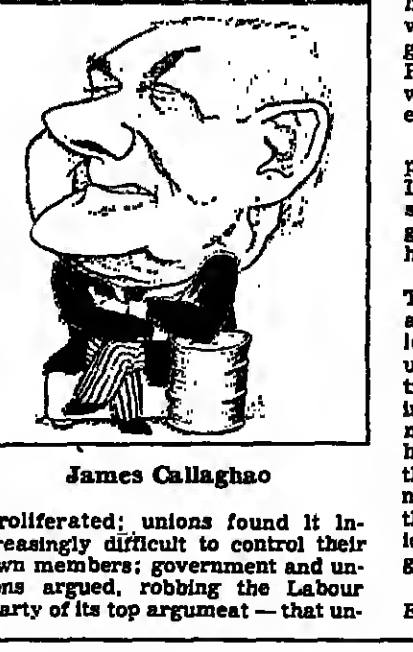
At that time, Labour's vote was holding solid and the prime minister's popularity was high, though the Liberal vote had cascaded into ruin. Opinion polls warned that this vote would largely go to the Conservatives.

Then began the long hard winter of union discontent. For three amazing years, the unions had voluntarily agreed with near-unanimity to accept wage restraint. The Trade Union Congress and the government agreed on minimal rises, pay

guidelines, restriction on pay. Result: inflation declined from 24 per cent to about 8 per cent; Chancellor Denis Healey introduced his tax relief; Fiat appeared to be smiling — on all except those who were lowly paid or whose pay differentials had disappeared or who knew full well that their industrial muscle could bring them vast increases.

THEN THE government proclaimed a 5 per cent pay guideline for 1979. Ford workers struck, and drove their bargain well into double figures. Then the tanker drivers followed suit; British faced a fuel shutdown. After weeks of paralysis and huge queues outside petrol stations, the drivers won a massive increase, exceeding 20 per cent.

Next came truck drivers. They downed ignition keys and picketed not only their employers but also tried to prevent vehicles from entering the premises of their customers. This "secondary picketing" caused



James Callaghan

chaos. Their claim, too, was settled at over 20 per cent.

"So why should those fat cats get all the cream, while we are expected to accept 5 per cent?" queried the lower paid workers in public services. Hospital workers, grave diggers, ambulance men, water workers, sewage workers, dustmen — all pressed for higher pay. Meanwhile, as most railwaymen were prepared to accept fairly modest increases, drivers ("foot platemen") were not.

The government tried to exercise sanctions on private industry which exceeded the pay norm. It withdrew its contracts, Ford being the first sufferer. But in a painful parliamentary defeat in December, its sanctions policy disappeared. So private industry can pay whatever increases it wishes and can afford. Public services employees want parity of treatment. Why should they be down-trodden because they happen to be employed by the public?

Disgruntlement grew; strikes proliferated; unions found it increasingly difficult to control their own members; government and unions argued, robbing the Labour Party of its top argument — that un-

Don't learn the language

By MARK MURRAY/Observer Foreign News Service

General Federation of Labour in Israel
Tel Aviv Labour Council

Na'amat — Pioneer Women Movement of Working Women and Volunteers

Results of the Grand Lottery
held at the PURIM BAZAAR, March 15, 1979

04964	Fur collar and cuffs, Lamberger Furs
13240	Cutlery set. — Michasf
13874	Salon table set — Ta'al
12151	Office chair — Netzer Sereit
17328	Duralex set
17384	Door lock — Achabiah
18973	Electric iron
23811	Camera
23257	Season's subscription to Habimah
25606	Picnic gas — Petrolgas
30999	Photographic portrait — Hannah Landau Studio, 8 Rehov Frishman, Tel Aviv
27247	Wall clock — Lapid
36603	Cooker plate — Shavit
37208	Electric ventilator
38981	Marble most mincer
39228	Lunch for two at the Hilton
40264	Electric shaver
40892	Oven odour extractor hood — Venta-Sharon
42876	Weekend for two at Dan Caesarea
43260	Picnic gas — Supergas
43356	Evening gown — Alod
43405	Hair-styling — Salon Motti, 116 Bea Yehuda, Tel Aviv
44261	Van Dyke suit — Polgat
44781	Return flight Tel Aviv — Greece
44826	Salon table — Shamrat
45117	Return flight Tel Aviv — Rome

Numbers ending in 188,650,936 — artistic ceramic
" " " 052, 238 — books
" " " 683 — Lapid ceramic product
" " " 843 — Toys
" " " 994 — Kitchen aprons
" " " 0610, 0773, 6888 — Records
" " " 3212, 7703, 9236 — Porcelain statuettes — Na'man
" " " 1247, 1763, 4374 — Ruhama brush set
" " " 4606, 7953 — " " " 076 — " " "

A list of prizes is available at the Na'mat office, Beit Brenner, Tel Aviv. Tel. 03-282211, ext. 298.
Distribution of prizes will be held at Beit Brenner, room 108, between April 4, 1979 — June 4, 1979, Sunday — Thursday from 8 a.m. — 1 p.m. Friday until 11 a.m.

PRIZES ONLY AGAINST PRESENTATION OF LOTTERY TICKET AND IDENTITY CARD.

TOKYO. — An American armed forces radio station in Tokyo conducts a daily brief introduction to Japan with the slogan, "A little language goes a long way."

Never was a truer word spoken. For anyone who is curious about a country where a thorough knowledge of the local language can, at times, be a positive disadvantage.

This peculiarity of the Japanese is often encountered by newcomers to the country who have managed to pick up the local expression for, say, "good morning," and determine to use it in conversation.

Almost invariably the speaker will be overwhelmed with flattering comments as to how *jouzu* (expert) he is in Japanese. Why, his hosts will exclaim with wonder, he speaks the language even better than they do.

Having already exhausted one's limited vocabulary by merely saying good morning, this sort of reaction can be a bewildering experience, which most visitors put down to the innate politeness of the Japanese.

Ah, but what happens when you actually do become expert in the language?

Well, for a start you are highly unlikely to receive any compliments. Secondly, no one is going to accept that you really are that good in Japanese. And thirdly, you are likely to end up losing a few friends and making your business contacts uneasy as well.

LINGUIST Roy Andrew Miller recently wrote a book in which he explores what he calls a law of inverse returns which quickly sets in for foreign students of the Japanese language (although it seems to apply only to Europeans and Americans... Japan's Asian neighbours are expected to speak the language well).

Every non-Japanese who becomes involved in learning the language must contend with the law of inverse returns. This law holds that the better you get at the language, the less credit you are given for your accomplishments; the more fluently you speak it, the less your hard-won skills will do for you in the way of making friends and favourably impressing people.

"But, by the same token, the less you can do with the language, the more you will be praised and en-



Part of a culture apart — geisha girls.

Japan, as a completely isolated archipelago that has no common border with anyone, has developed into a homogeneous nation which has never been invaded (until the post-war U.S. occupation) and has never housed large numbers of foreigners within its borders. (It is still possible for a large majority of Japanese to go through life without any direct, lasting contact with a foreigner of any description.)

The Japanese have convinced themselves of their cultural uniqueness, and one important aspect of this is a widely held belief that their language is impossible for any outsider to master. A foreigner speaking Japanese well, one authority has written, "amounts to the public performance of an unnatural act; it upsets the natural order of things."

WHY HAS this attitude developed? According to psychologists who have documented the phenomenon, it has a lot to do with territorial imperative — the basic instinct that impels animals to defend their own strip of territory against intruders.

Another Beginning

through the Israeli looking glass

by Joan Cass

ANOTHER BEGINNING is the story of the Cass family's move from Swampscott, Massachusetts to Israel. The book mirrors the feelings of each of them in breaking out of their accustomed grooves and discovering a new world — both outrageously irritating and magnificent.

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Selling pressure on shares reduced

Stocks & bonds—the market report

By JOSEPH MORGENSTERN Post Finance Reporter

The pressure to sell shares felt yesterday... The Bank Leumi shares continued to fall with yesterday's loss being six points to 336.

Among mortgage banks, Carmel (B) was "seller only" and was lowered by the customary 5 per cent to 385. Other shares in the mortgage bank sector traded in a very narrow price range.

the court order to place the company in receivership, was not traded. Industrials traded with little change in prices. Shemen shares, however, gained 40 points to 470.

Closing prices on the Tel Aviv Stock Exchange

Table with multiple columns: Closing price, Volume, Change, etc. Lists various stocks and their market performance.

Representative bond prices

Table listing bond prices with columns for bond name, price, and change.

New York Stock Exchange

Closing prices - March 21

Table showing Dow Jones Industrials Average and various stock closing prices.

Bank of Israel representative

March 21

Table with exchange rates and financial data for the Bank of Israel.

Will affluence spoil Soviet youth?

MOSCOW (AP). — A campaign is underway to convince Soviet parents to stop spoiling their teenagers with rock albums or jeans and start teaching them about hard work and the value of a ruble.



These Leningrad schoolboys with their helmets and attached welding masks really look the part of hard workers — which is what their elders hope they will eventually become.

in 1960, the average Soviet worker was earning slightly more than 80 rubles a month, according to official statistics. In 1978, his wages rose to 96.5 rubles, in 1970 to 123 rubles and in 1975 to 148 rubles.

Sailors union releases MFC tanker

Jerusalem Post Reporter HAIFA. — The Marine Officers Union last night permitted the Maritime Front Centers (MFC) tanker 'Yoni' to be towed to Spanish scrap yard.

Dollar rises marginally

LONDON (AP). — The U.S. dollar rose marginally against all major European currencies except the British pound in early trading yesterday while European gold prices fell.

TWA cites fuel cost in fare increase bid

NEW YORK (AP). — Trans World Airlines said on Tuesday it plans to add a 7 per cent surcharge to the cost of all transatlantic fares and cargo shipments because of steep increases in the cost of jet fuel.

FUND RATES

Table listing various funds, trustees, unit prices, and redemption prices as of March 21, 1979.

THE JERUSALEM POST
Editor and Managing Director: Erwin Frankel
Founded in 1932 by the late GERSHON AGRON...

Misuse of strike weapon

THE EMPLOYEES of the National Insurance Institute yesterday wound up a three-day strike. They were protesting a Treasury decision, endorsed by the Government, to tear up a wage agreement concluded between their representatives and the Institute's director, Raphael Rotter.

Democracy can do better

THE THOUGHT must have crossed the mind of more than one citizen this week that the country is indeed fortunate in having only 120 Knesset Members. What if that number, fixed shortly after Israel's establishment, were index-linked to the growth of the population?

'Substantive' changes in corrected treaty

By DAVID RICHARDSON
Jerusalem Post Reporter
The government yesterday provided an updated and corrected version of the military annex and the appendices to the peace treaty.

A MULTITUDE of international agencies, from the UN down, occupy themselves loquaciously with the question whether Israel ill-treats Arab prisoners. The International Committee of the Red Cross (ICRC) holds a unique position among them.

UNTIL recently, Red Cross officials were entitled to interview prisoners 28 days after their arrest. Last year, that was reduced to 14 days, a concession of which the Israelis are proud.

WATCHING BRIEF

In the wake of fresh allegations regarding ill-treatment of Arab prisoners, the Post's DAVID KRIVINE talks to Peter Kung, head of the Red Cross in Israel, about the role of the organization and its ability to function in Israel.

I APPROACHED the head of the ICRC in Israel, Peter Kung, for a clarification of these criticisms. First, why did the physician go back to Switzerland? "He did not have a full-time job," replied Kung.

We would be very happy if we had an agreement like the Israeli one with every country in which we operate

practitioner to fill the post. The Red Cross currently uses local physicians, Jewish or Arab, or bring over a doctor from Switzerland for a spot visit.

READERS' LETTERS

IRRESPONSIBLE BEHAVIOUR CREATES POOR IMAGE

To the Editor of The Jerusalem Post
Sir, - May my criticism be taken constructively, as I am a Jew, a Zionist and a former upanist. I cannot help loving Israel.

should get out and the cameraman should pack up. Why in the world are the Israeli authorities so incredibly dense? The 300 egg-throwers would have been dispersed, not Bob Simon and the Palestinian professor.

NO TOURIST DUMPING

To the Editor of The Jerusalem Post
Sir, - In a recent issue of The Jerusalem Post, you quoted an article from the "Travel Trade Gazette" reporting that El Al has removed its concessions for special group inclusive tour fares from certain British travel companies because of "tourist dumping".

Twickenham Travel (as reported in your issue of February 8) is virtually the only one-company operator in the UK to bring a halt to tourist dumping.

GUSH EMUNIM IN RAMALLAH

To the Editor of The Jerusalem Post
Sir, - We agree with your editorial of March 15 that the "security forces must discharge their responsibilities" in regard to the West Bank. But what if they do not?

ple feel forced to resort to militant tactics which make headlines in order to arouse the security forces to assume their responsibilities. AHUVA EVEN-SADEH
Bnei Brak.

FORGOTTEN PIONEERS

To the Editor of The Jerusalem Post
Sir, - I refer to Mike Goldberg's, "Saying it with orchids" (February 28) and believe he must have looked very casually into the history of orchid growing in Israel.

PROGRESS?

To the Editor of The Jerusalem Post
Sir, - When I visited Israel (then Palestine) 50 years ago, a letter to England took seven days - not by air - and cost seven mils. A letter to another town in the country took two days at the most.

they had not arrived seven days after I had posted them. JACK GLINEET
London.

STRANGE RESEMBLANCE

To the Editor of The Jerusalem Post
Sir, - On March 9, you published on page one a picture of the official reception of President Sadat by his colleagues, President Ezer Weizman and Netanya.

OUI

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KNESSET TREATY DEBATE

(Continued from page 1)
probable number of votes for and against was easy to estimate. There were few mysteries: few MKs found it hard to make up their mind; unlike last time, when they were unsure of their colleagues' intentions and their party leaders' reactions.

Moshé Shamir, Yigal Hurvitz and Yigal Cohen. All the small factions, such as the Democratic Movement (except for Binyamin Halevi), Shai, Sheli, I.P.P. and Flatio Sharon said they would vote "aye".

Members of the Clerks Federation!

If you want to guard the standing of clerks and workers in the service industries in the country's economy strengthen our band on voting day

VOTE
Liberal Labour Movement
Independent Liberal Faction
in the Histadrut

MELROSE'S TEA
PEOPLE DRINK IT MORE
NANA-LEMON-EARL GREY-REGULAR FLAVOURS ETC

Handwritten signature or note at the bottom of the page.